

Mark Scheme (Results)

June 2011

International GCSE Mathematics (4MB0) Paper 02

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4MB0 Summer 2011 - Paper 2

Question number		Scheme	Marks		
1.	(a)	2500/625	M1		
		4 hrs	A1	2	
	(b)	(2500 + 2500)/("4" + "3.5")	M1		
		667 km/h	A1 ft	2	4
2.	(a)	factor of x	M1		
		Attempt to factorise $x^2 - 5x + 6$ or orig. cubic	M1		
		x(x-3)(x-2)	A1	3	
	(b) linear	attempt to factorise $2x^2 + 2x - 24$ into two terms	M1		
		One pair of factors cancelled	M1 dep		
		$\frac{x(x-2)}{2(x+4)}$ OR $\frac{x^2-2x}{2x+8}$	A1	3	6

Question				
number	Scheme Marks			
3.	Note: First three marks for angles, final mark for reasoning Method 1: (using angle at centre)			
	$\angle AOC(\text{reflex}) = 236^{\circ} (\angle \text{ at a point}) \text{ or}$			
	$\angle ADC$ = 62° (\angle at centre)	B1		
	$\angle ABC = 118^{\circ}$ (\angle at centre/opp angles cyclic quad)	B1ft		
	$\angle BCO = 62^{\circ} (\angle between // lines)$	B1ft		
	at least two valid reasons consistent with their \angle	B1	4	
	Method 2: (using isosceles triangles)	5.4		
	$\angle CAO$ (or $\angle ACO$ or $\angle BAC$) = 28°	B1		
	$\angle ABO$ (or $\angle BOC$) = 56°	B1 ft		
	$\angle BCO = 62^{\circ}$	B1 ft	4	
	at least two valid reasons consistent with their ∠ (isosceles triangle, alt angles between // lines)	B1	4	4
4.	height of cone = $\sqrt{(39^2 - 15^2)}$	M1		
	= 36 cm	A1		
	volume = $\frac{1}{3}\pi$."36".15 ² + $\frac{2}{3}\pi$ 15 ³			
	either volume correctly stated and with values substituted	M1		
	2 nd volume correctly stated with values substituted and added	M1 dep		
	Conclusion	A1	5	5

Question					
number	Scheme		Marks		
5.	(a)	35 - 27, 8	M1, A1	2	
	(b)	17 - c's(8), 9	M1, A1 ft	2	
		SC: $27 - (x + y)$ M1			
	(c)	3y = 35 - c's(a) - c's(b) (o.e.)	M1		
		y = 6, x = 12	A1, A1	3	7
6.	(a)	trapezium B	B2(-1ee)	2	
	(b)	trapezium C	B2(-1ee) ft	2	
	(c)	trapezium D			
	noint	A rotation of 90° anticlockwise about any	M1		
	point		A1	2	
		Correctly placed trapezium (cao)	M1, A1	2	8
	(d)	reflection, $y = -x$			
7.	(a)	(i) $\frac{1}{(x+2)^2-9}$	M1		
		$\frac{1}{x^2 + 4x - 5}$ or $\frac{1}{(x+5)(x-1)}$	A1		
		(ii) $y(x+23) = 1$ OR $x+23 = 1/y$	M1		
		$\frac{1-23x}{x} \text{ OR } \frac{1}{x} - 23$	A1	4	
	(b)	$x + 23 = \text{``}x^2 + 4x - 5\text{''}$	M1		
		$x^2 + 3x - 28 (= 0)$	A1		
		attempt to factorise their trinomial quadratic	M1		
		OR correct substitution into a correctly quoted formula			
		-7, 4	A1, A1	5	9

Question number		Scheme	Marks		
8.		Accept fractional or percentage equivalents throughout.			
	(a)	0.25 (o.e.)	B1	1	
	(b)	for each correct pair	B1ft,B1,B1	3	
	(c)	(i) "0.75" x 0.8, 0.6 (3/5)	M1, A1 ft		
		(ii) "0.25" x "0.9"	M1		
		"0.6" + "0.25" x "0.9"	M1		
		0.83 (or better) (33/40)	A1	5	
	(d)	any probability ÷ ("0.825")	M1		
		"0.6"/"0.825"	M1		
		0.73 (or better) (8/11)	A1	3	12

Question number	Scheme	Marks		
9.	(a) (i) $\frac{1}{2}$ a (ii) b - a	B1, B1	2	
	(b) $\mathbf{a} + \frac{1}{3}("\mathbf{b} - \mathbf{a}"), \frac{1}{3}\mathbf{b} + \frac{2}{3}\mathbf{a}$ (o.e.)	M1, A1	2	
	(c) $-\frac{1}{2}\mathbf{a} + \mathbf{b} + \frac{1}{3}(\mathbf{a} - \mathbf{b})$, $\frac{2}{3}\mathbf{b} - \frac{1}{6}\mathbf{a}$ (o.e.)	M1, A1	2	
	(d) $\lambda("\frac{1}{3}\mathbf{b} + \frac{2}{3}\mathbf{a"})$	B1ft	1	
	(e) $\frac{1}{2}a'' + \mu(\frac{2}{3}b - \frac{1}{6}a'')$	M1		
	Correct expression (unsimplified)	A1	2	
	(f) Attempt at equating either coefficients of a or coefficients of b .	M1		
	One correct equation: $\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{6}\mu = \frac{2}{3}\lambda$ or $\frac{1}{3}\lambda = \frac{2}{3}\mu$	A1		
	$\mu = 1/3, \lambda = 2/3$	A1, A1	4	13

Question number					
10.	(a) $2x^2$ or $4xy$, $(S =) 2x^2$	$x^2 + 4xy$	B1, B1	2	
	(b) $y = \frac{50 - 2x^2}{4x}$ (o.e.)		B1	1	
	$(c) \qquad \frac{50-2x^2}{4x}.x^2 + \text{conclusion}$	ision	B1	1	
	(d) one term correctly di	fferentiated	M1		
	$\frac{25}{2} - \frac{3x^2}{2}$		A1		
	$c's\left(\frac{25}{2} - \frac{3x^2}{2}\right) = 0$		M1 dep		
	2.89		A1	4	
	(e) 23.4, 24		B1, B1	2	
	(f) graph penalties (-1) straight line segment each point missed (± each missed segment each point not plotted each point incorrectly square) tramlines very poor curve i.e. l	½ small square) d y plotted (±½ small	B3	3	
			M1 A1ft, A1ft	3	16

Question number		Scheme	Ма	rks	
11.	(a)	$(AC^2 =)$ 54 ² + 35 ² - 2 x 54 x 35 x cos 100°	M1		
		2916 + 1225 + 656.4 (o.e.)	M1 dep		
		69.3 m	A1	3	
	(b)	Use of sine rule with correct values substituted	M1		
		$\sin \angle CAB = \frac{35 \times \sin 100}{"69.3"}$	M1 dep		
		29.8°/29.9°	A1	3	
	(c)	$DB/54 = \sin("29.8")$	M1		
		26.8 m/26.9 m	A1 ft	2	
	(d)	$AD/54 = \cos(\text{``29.8''})$	M1		
		46.9 m (awrt)	A1		
		"69.3" – "46.9"	B1 ft		
		Seeing "26.8"/2	B1 ft		
		$\sqrt{(("22.4")^2 + ("13.4")^2)}$	M1		
		26.1/26.2 m	A1	6	
	(e)	h/ ("26.1") = tan 40	M1		
		21.9 m (Accept 22 or 22.0 m)	A1ft	2	16



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